IMPAACT 2040: Cabotegravir & Rilpivirine Antiretroviral Therapy in Pregnancy (CREATE)

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Background & Rationale

- Long-acting (LA) injectable cabotegravir (CAB) & rilpivirine (RPV) offer a monthly or bi-monthly alternative to daily oral antiretroviral therapy (ART)
- Preclude barriers of pill burden, daily adherence, & disclosure of HIV status/stigma
- Critical need to evaluate:
 - Pregnancy-associated changes in pharmacokinetics (PK) & pharmacodynamics (PD) of CAB LA + RPV LA
 - Maternal and fetal/neonatal safety



Study Design

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Phase I/II, multicenter, open-label, non-randomized, parallel (two) group, step-wise study

Primary Objective

Characterize the pharmacokinetics (PK) of CAB LA + RPV LA during pregnancy up to 6-10 weeks postpartum in people with virally suppressed HIV-1 switching to CAB LA + RPV LA (from oral ART) and continuing on CAB LA + RPV LA

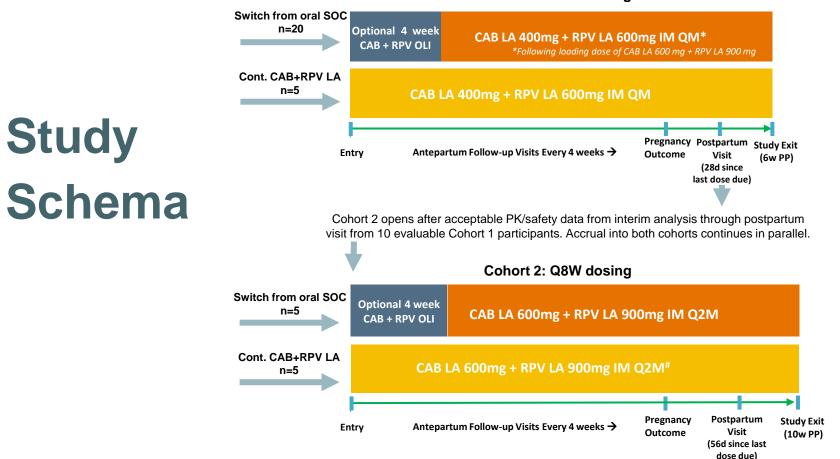


Key Secondary & Other Objectives

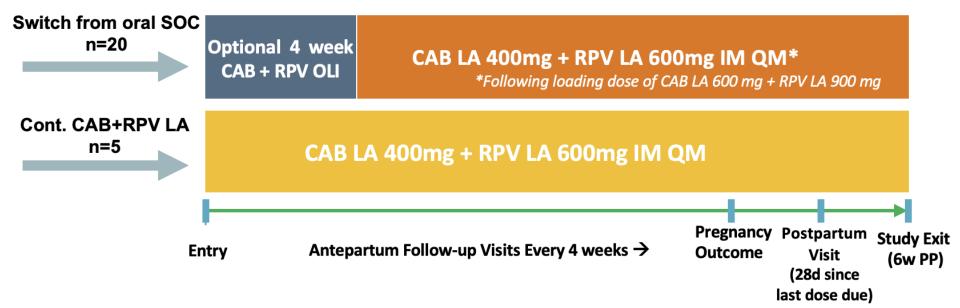
Maternal & neonatal safety signals Maternal viral suppression Perinatal HIV transmission Delivery and post-natal infant outcomes Breast/chest milk and placental transfer >Tolerability and acceptability PK modeling

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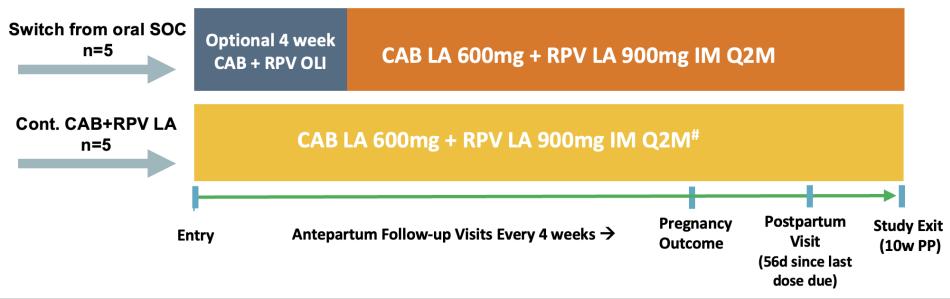




Cohort 1: Q4W dosing



Cohort 2: Q8W dosing



Sample size & Sites

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- Sample size: Up to 45 pregnant people with virally suppressed HIV-1 & their infants to achieve 25 evaluable pairs in the switch group and 10 evaluable pairs in the continuation group
- Sites: United States & South Africa

	Switch Group	Continuation Group	Total
Cohort 1: Q4W dosing	20	5	25
Cohort 2: Q8W dosing	5	5	10
Total	25	10	35



Eligibility Criteria

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INCLUSION	EXCLUSION
 ≥ 18 years Single, live, intrauterine pregnancy Virally suppressed HIV-1 on oral ART (<i>switch</i> group) or CAB LA + RPV LA (<i>continuation</i> group) EGA: 10w – 13w4d for switch group <i>with OLI</i> 14w – 19w4d for switch group ≤19w4d for continuation group 	 Contraindication to CAB or RPV Contraindication to IM injection History of virologic/treatment failure Hepatitis B or C History of Nevirapine use Uncontrolled maternal co-morbidities, including seizure disorder and severe hepatic impairment Known/active TB and/or COVID-19 Therapeutic anticoagulation



Thank you & Questions

