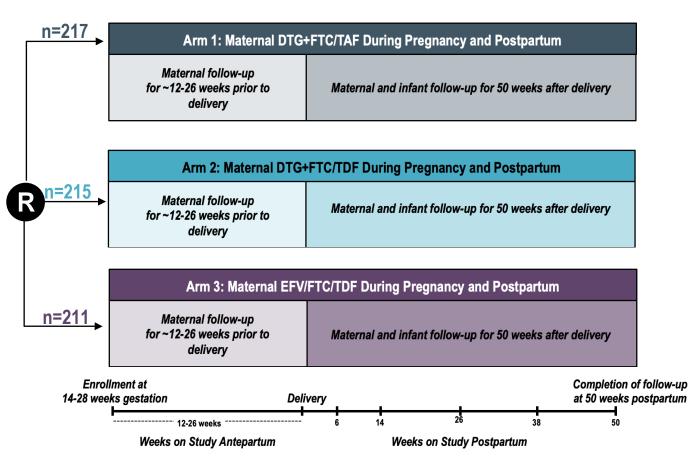
Update on IMPAACT 2010/VESTED Findings

Lameck Chinula, MD Protocol Co-chair 29 June 2022



ANNUAL MEETING

Randomized Open-Label Trial of the Virologic Efficacy and Safety of Three ART Regimens Started in Pregnancy



3 Summary of key findings to date

Virologic efficacy was better with DTG compared to EFV

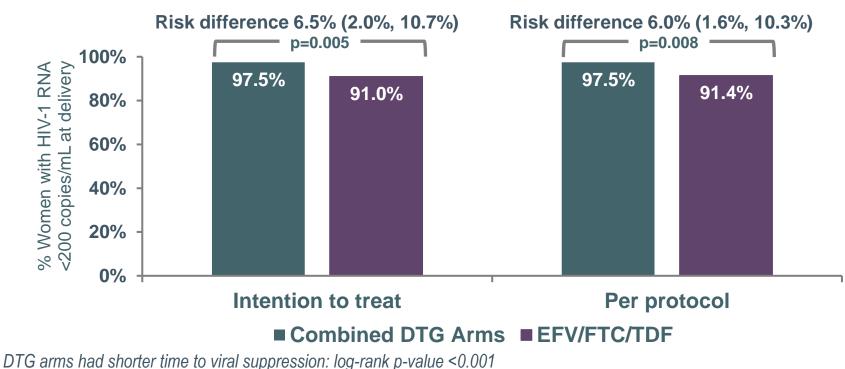
- Virologic suppression at delivery significantly more likely in DTG arms
- Virologic suppression similar across arms at week 50 postpartum but virologic failure and resistance significantly more likely in EFV arm
- Pregnancy outcomes were significantly better with DTG+TAF
 - Infant demise was significantly more likely in the EFV arm
- Insufficient maternal weight gain during pregnancy and poor infant growth were more likely in the EFV arm
 - Insufficient weight gain was associated with adverse pregnancy outcome
- Other maternal and infant adverse events similar across arms



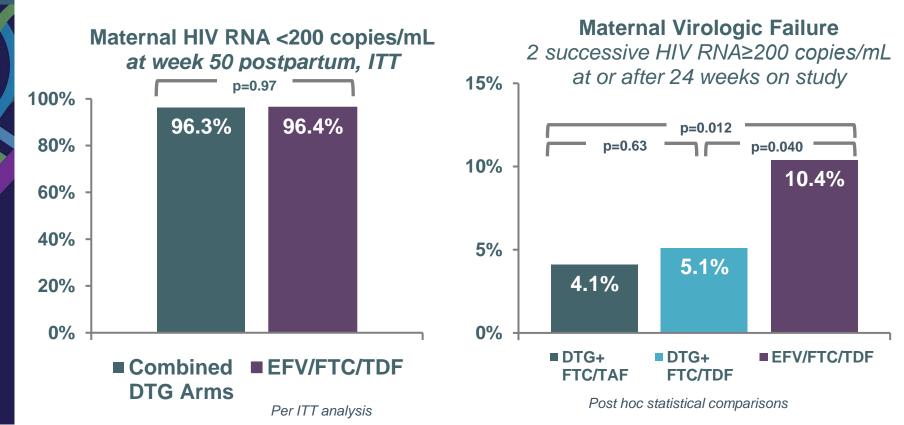
Virologic suppression <u>at delivery</u> was significantly higher in the DTG arms compared with the EFV arm

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Proportion of women with HIV-1 RNA <200 copies/mL at delivery visit: Combined DTG-ART arms vs EFV/FTC/TDF arm



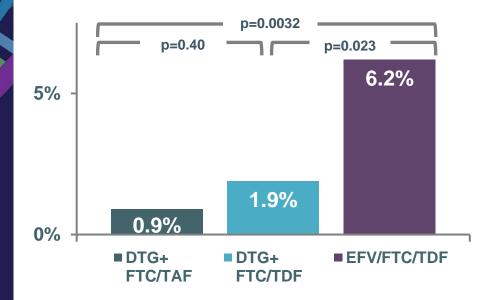
Viral suppression was similar in
the combined DTG-arms andBUT cumulative virologic failure
more frequent in EFV arm than
the combined DTG-armsEFV-arm at week 50 postpartumthe combined DTG-arms



HIV drug resistance at virologic failure was significantly lower in the DTG arms compared with the EFV arm

Proportion of women with HIV drug resistance at virologic failure

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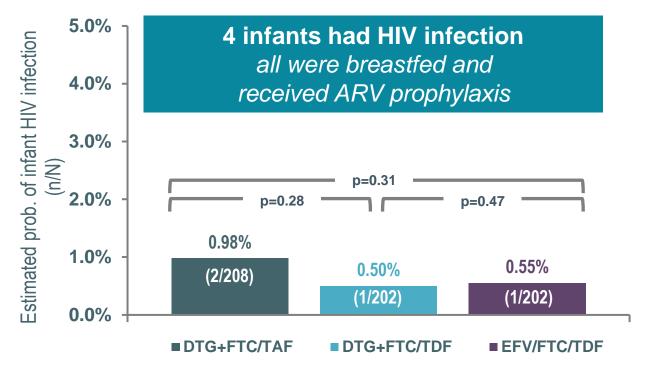


Women who experienced virologic failure had high prevalence of pre-ART resistance

DTG arms	5/6 (1 in TAF and 4 in TDF)
EFV arm	10/13

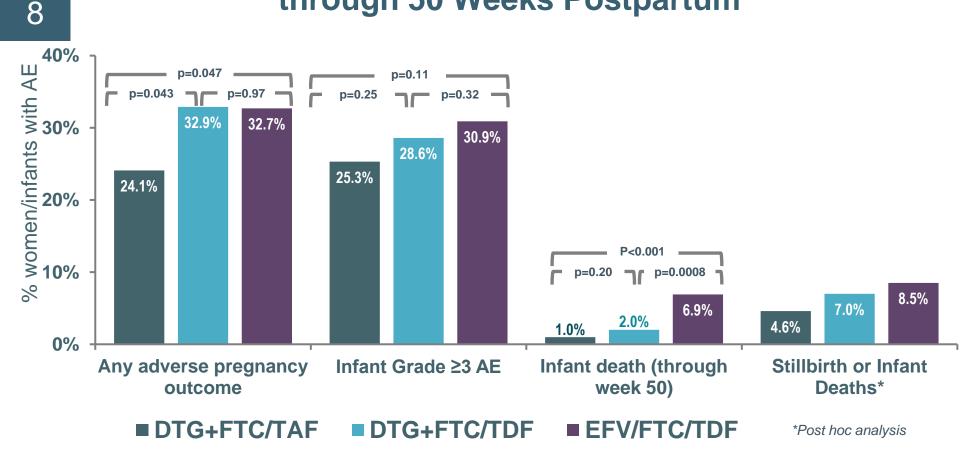


There were few infants diagnosed with HIV during the study and no apparent differences between arms



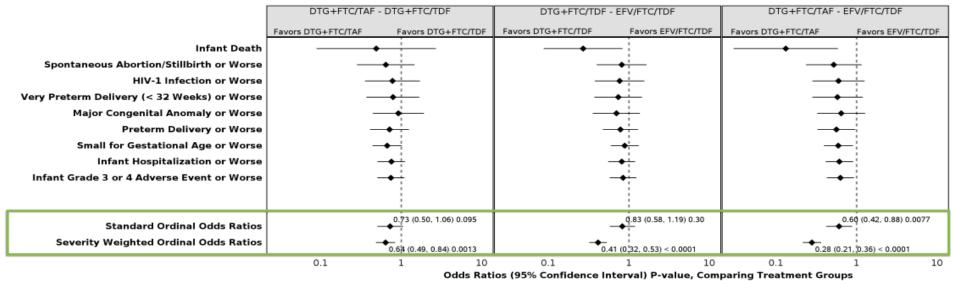


Key Maternal and Infant Safety Outcomes through 50 Weeks Postpartum

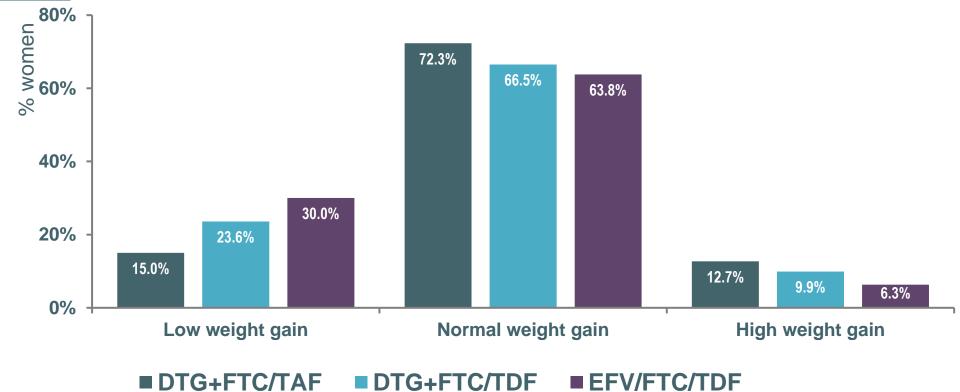


DTG+FTC/TAF had the best risk-benefit trade-off, even better than in the primary analysis, in a desirability-of-outcomeranking (DOOR) analysis

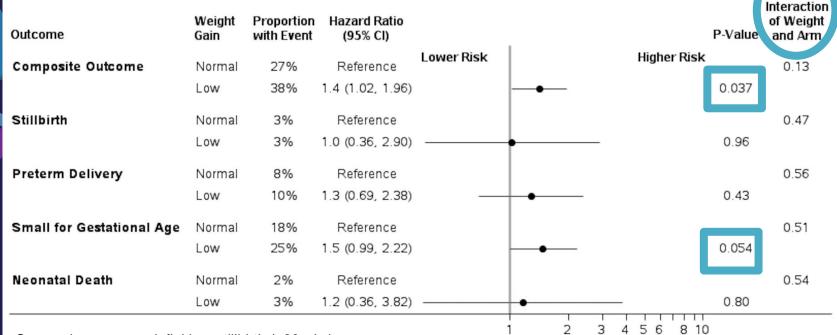
FIGURE 1. By-Arm Odds Ratio Comparisons for the Composite and Ordinal Outcome Measures



Proportions of women with low (insufficient), normal, and high (excess) antepartum weight gain



Significant association between greater average pregnancy weekly weight gain and lower risk of any adverse pregnancy outcome



<u>Composite outcome definition</u>: stillbirth (≥20 wks), preterm delivery (<37 wks), and small for gestational age (<10th percentile)

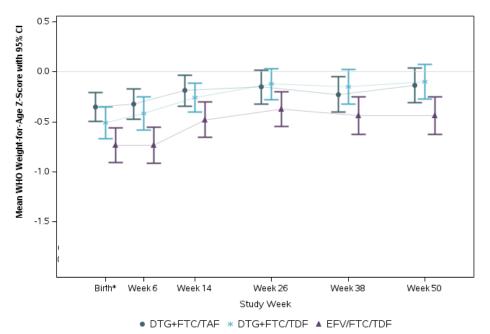
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Hazard Ratio (95% CI) Adjusted for gestational age stratum at baseline

Infants born to mothers who started the EFV arm in pregnancy were significantly smaller throughout infancy compared to infants whose mothers started on DTG regimens

- Infants exposed to EFV had lower z-scores compared to those exposed to DTG
 - Iength-for-age AND
 - weight-for-age

- Differences present at birth, persisted through week 50
- Infants exposed to EFV had higher rates of stunting and underweight
- Infant obesity at week 50 similar between arms (2-3%)





Adverse pregnancy outcomes were very common in the 19 women who conceived on ART while on study

	ARV Treatment at Start of Pregnancy events/N (%)				
Outcome	DTG+ FTC/TAF	DTG+ FTC/TDF	EFV/FTC/TDF	Non-Study Treatment	Total
Stillbirth or Spontaneous	1/2	0/2	5/12	1/3	7/19
Abortion*	(50%)	(0%)	(41.7%)	(33%)	(36.8%)
Preterm Delivery	0/1	0/2	2/7	1/2	3/12
(<37 Weeks)	(0%)	(0%)	(28.6%)	(50%)	(25%)
Small for Gestational	0/0	0/1	1/4	0/1	1/6
Age (<10th Percentile)	(NA)	(0%)	(25%)	(0%)	(16.7%)
Composite Adverse	1/2	0/2	8/12	2/3	11/19
Outcome	(50%)	(0%)	(66.7%)	(66.7%)	(57.9%)



* One pregnancy resulting in induced abortion excluded from composite outcome analysis

Analyses underway/planned

Analysis	Lead	
Safety/Efficacy through 50 weeks postpartum	Lameck Chinula (to journal)	
Infant bone and renal outcomes	Tapiwa Mbengeranwa (drafted)	
Maternal bone and renal outcomes	Gaerolwe Masheto (drafted)	
Changes in maternal weight, and association with outcomes	Risa Hoffman (analysis report soon)	
Adverse outcomes of subsequent pregnancies	Lee Fairlie (being drafted)	
Mother-to-infant transfer of antiretrovirals in pregnancy / breastmilk	Jeremiah Momper	
Mother/infant ARV hair levels (and adverse outcomes, adherence	Jillian Pintye	
Maternal and infant RBC folate levels	Denise Jacobson (analysis report)	
HbA1c, glucose, diabetes	Lameck Chinula	
Minor resistant variants, women with VF; HIV DR, infants with HIV	Ceejay Boyce	
DOOR analysis (ranked composite infant safety outcomes)	Sean Brummel	
Maternal depression, anxiety	Lynda Stranix-Chibanda	
Adherence to ART (and barriers, facilitators)	Rivet Amico, Lee Fairlie	
NWCS 630: TAF and metabolic syndrome	Ahizechukwu Eke	
DACS 722: Statistical methods for gestational age measurement	Mark Giganti	

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