



International Maternal Pediatric AIDS Clinical Trials (IMPAACT) Network

State of the Network 2016 Annual Meeting

Sharon Nachman, MD

James McIntyre, MD – Network Vice Chair

Grace Aldrovandi, MD – Laboratory Center PI

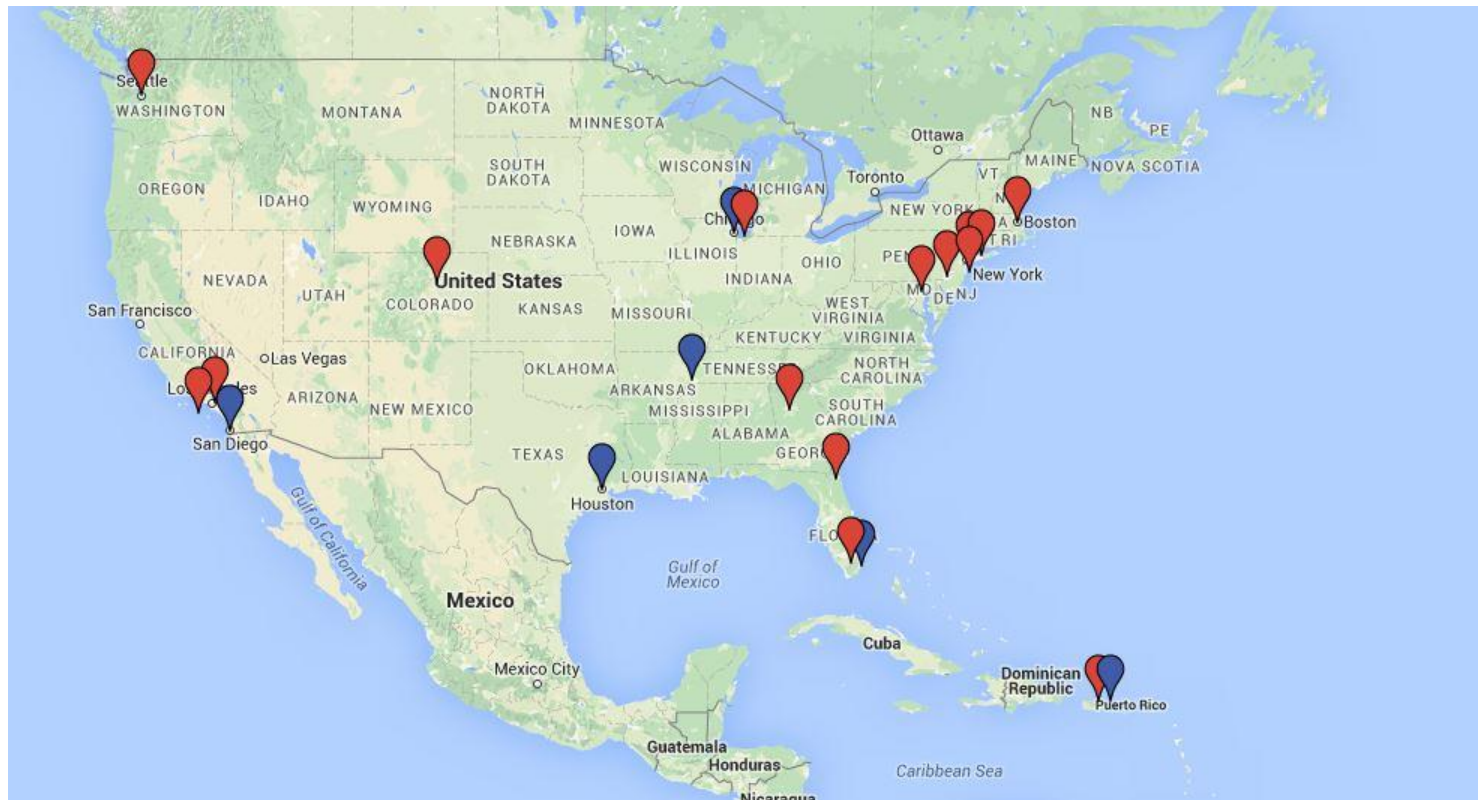
David Shapiro, PhD – Statistical & Data Management Ctr PI

Mission

- To decrease incident HIV and HIV-associated infections including mother-to-child transmission among infants, children, youth and pregnant/postpartum women
- To decrease HIV-associated mortality and morbidity among these populations



21 US Domestic NIAID and NICHD Sites



NICHD (red)

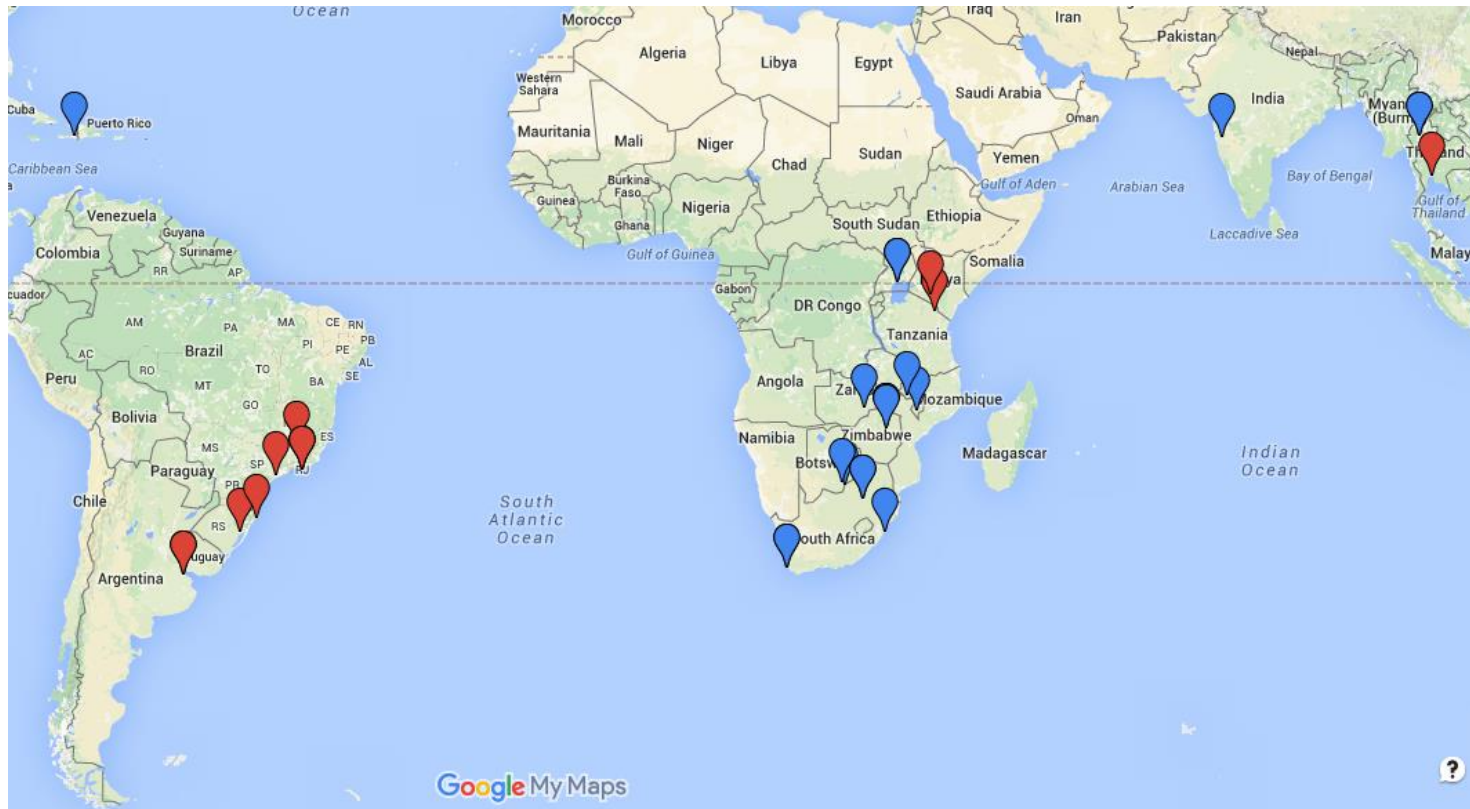
- Boston Medical Center
- Jacobi Medical Center Bronx
- University of Washington Children's Hospital Seattle
- Emory University School of Medicine
- San Juan City Hospital PR
- SUNY Stony Brook
- University of Southern California LA
- University of Florida Jacksonville

- University of Colorado Denver
- South Florida CDC Ft Lauderdale
- Rush University Cook County Hospital Chicago
- Johns Hopkins University Baltimore
- David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA
- The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia (CHOP)
- Bronx-Lebanon Hospital Center

NIAID (blue)

- Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago
- Pediatric Perinatal HIV, Miami
- St. Jude Children's Research
- Texas Children's Hospital
- University of California, UC San Diego
- University of Puerto Rico Pediatric

30 International NIAID and NICHD Sites



NICHD (red)

Inst of Pediatrics Fed Univ Rio de Janeiro
 Hospital Federal dos Servidores Rio de Janeiro
 SOM Federal University Minas Gerais Brazil
 Univ of Sao Paulo Brazil
 Hospital General de Agudos Buenos Aires Argentina
 Hospital Geral De Nova Igauçu Brazil
 Siriraj Hospital, Department of Pediatrics- Mahidol University

PHPT Chiangrai Prachanukroh Hospital
 Hospital Nossa Senhora da Conceicao
 KCMC Kilimanjaro Christian Medical Centre
 Fundacion Huesped, Hospital Juan A Fernandez
 The Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement Military Medicine, Inc.

NIAID (blue)

Baylor-Uganda
 Blantyre
 Byramjee Jeejeebhoy
 Chiang Mai University
 Desmond Tutu TB Centre
 FAM-CRU, Cape Town
 Gaborone
 George
 Harare Family Care

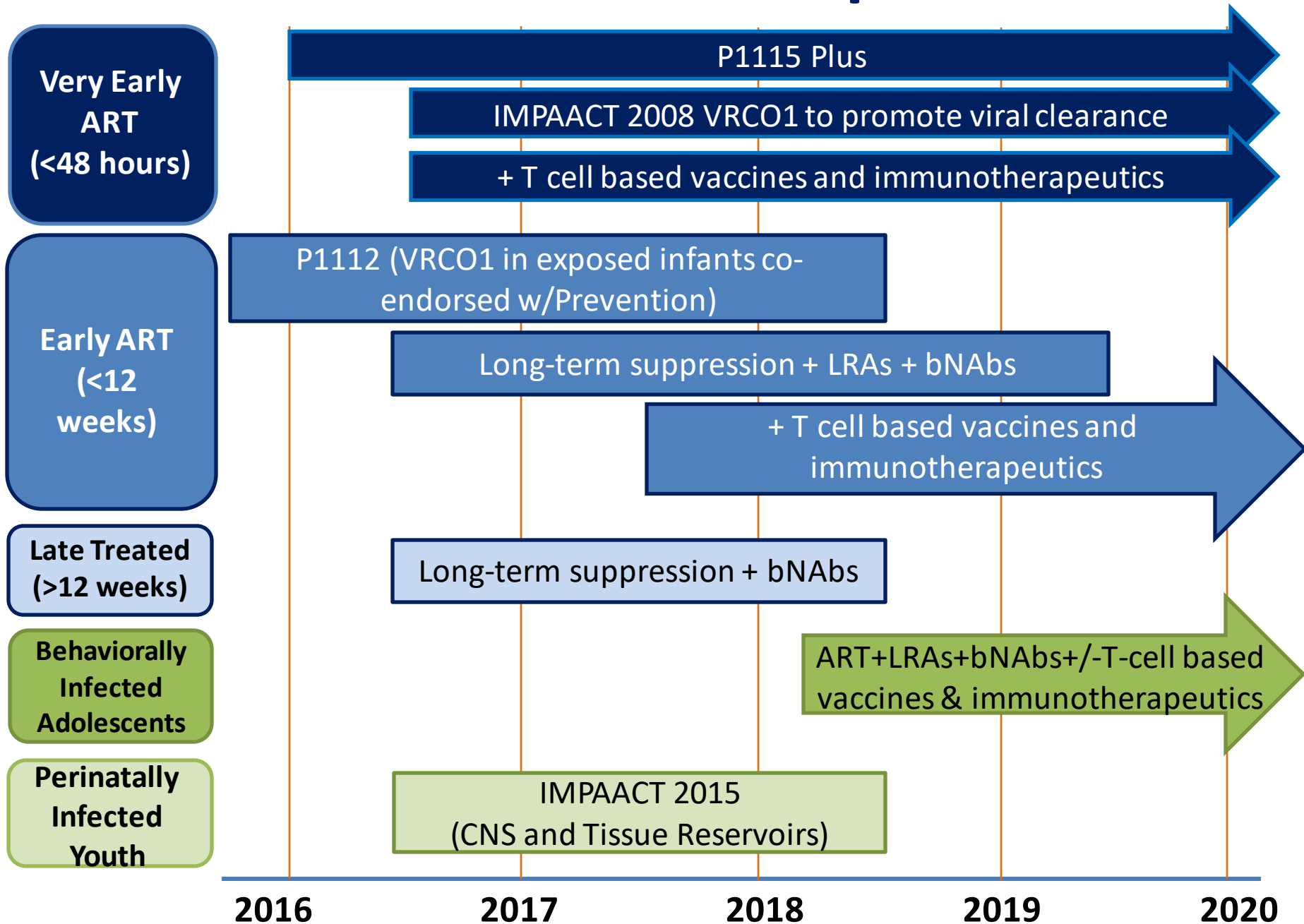
Les Centres GHESKIO
 Malawi
 Molepolole
 MU-JHU Research Collaboration
 Seke North
 Shandukani
 Soweto IMPAACT
 St. Mary's
 Umlazi

Cure Scientific Agenda

- Functional Cure: Evaluate early aggressive ART to reduce viral reservoir in neonates
- Reservoirs: Evaluate specific interventions in chronically infected-youth
 - Antiretroviral treatment
 - HIV vaccines
 - Immunomodulatory agents
- Future plans: Elucidate relationship between these reservoirs, treatments, and possibility of sterilizing cure



Cure Roadmap



Tuberculosis

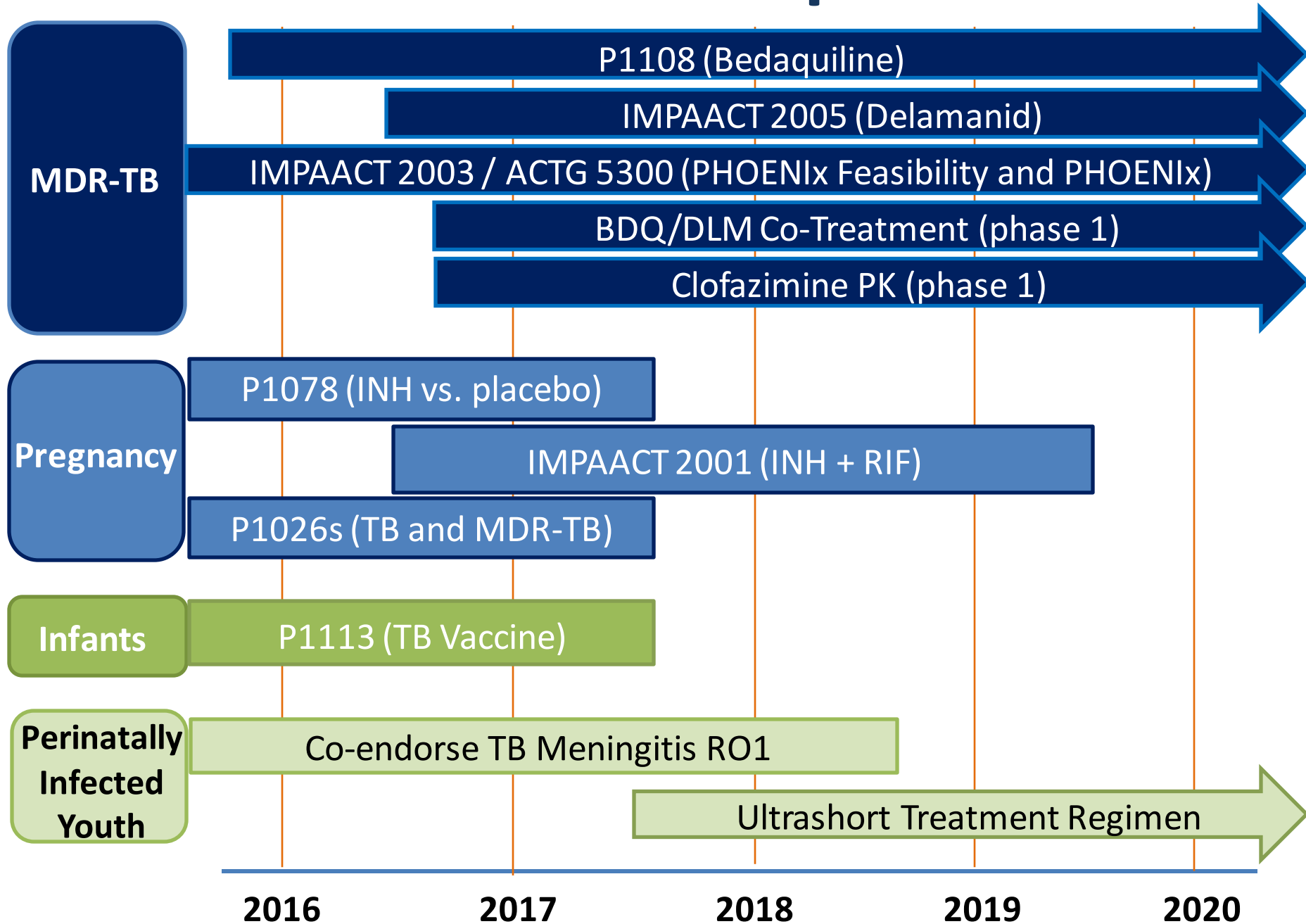
Estimated total cases in children	1,000,000 (10% global burden)
Childhood cases notified	360,000
TB deaths	136,000 (81,000 HIV-) 13.6% case fatality rate
Pediatric MDR-TB cases	32,000 (underestimate)
TB infections	6.6 million

Tuberculosis Scientific Agenda

- In HIV-infected infants, children, and pregnant women, evaluate novel:
 - Drugs and regimens for TB treatment
 - DS and MDR TB
 - Approaches for prevention of TB
 - Tools for diagnosis of TB



TB Roadmap



The Global Treatment Environment

Test earlier and closer to birth

Treat earlier and better

Tailor service delivery

- PEPFAR pivot; treating more with less; going faster further, including new initiatives: ACT, DREAM
- Introduction of routine viral load monitoring and 'point of care' technologies for early infant diagnosis and viral load monitoring

90%

of all



living with HIV will know their HIV status

90%

of all



living with HIV will receive sustained antiretroviral therapy

90%

of all



receiving antiretroviral therapy will have durable viral suppression

WHO 2016 Guidelines: When to Start ART

4.3 When to start ART	
4.3.1 When to start ART in adults (>19 years old)	ART should be initiated in all adults living with HIV regardless of WHO clinical stage and at any CD4 cell count (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
	As a priority, ART should be initiated in all adults with severe or advanced HIV clinical disease (WHO clinical stage 3 or 4) and adults with CD4 count ≤ 250 cells/mm ³ (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
4.3.2 When to start ART in pregnant and breastfeeding women	ART should be initiated in all pregnant and breastfeeding women, regardless of WHO clinical stage (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
4.3.3 When to start ART in adolescents (10–19 years of age)	ART should be initiated in all adolescents living with HIV, regardless of WHO clinical stage and at any CD4 cell count (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
	As a priority, ART should be initiated in adolescents with severe or advanced HIV clinical disease (WHO clinical stage 3 or 4) and adolescents with CD4 count ≤ 350 cells/mm ³ (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
4.3.4 When to start ART in children younger than 10 years of age	ART should be initiated in all children living with HIV, regardless of WHO clinical stage or at any CD4 cell count.
	Infants diagnosed in the first year of life (<i>strong recommendation, moderate quality evidence</i>).
	Children living with HIV one year old to less than 10 years old (<i>conditional recommendation, low quality evidence</i>).
	As a priority, ART should be initiated in; all children ≤ 2 years old or children younger than 5 years with WHO HIV clinical stage 3 or 4 or CD4 count ≤ 750 cells/mm ³ or CD percentage $< 25\%$ and children 5 years and older with WHO HIV clinical stage 3 or 4 or with CD4 count ≤ 350 cells/mm ³ .

Treat All

HIV Treatment Scientific Agenda

In HIV-infected infants, children and adolescents:

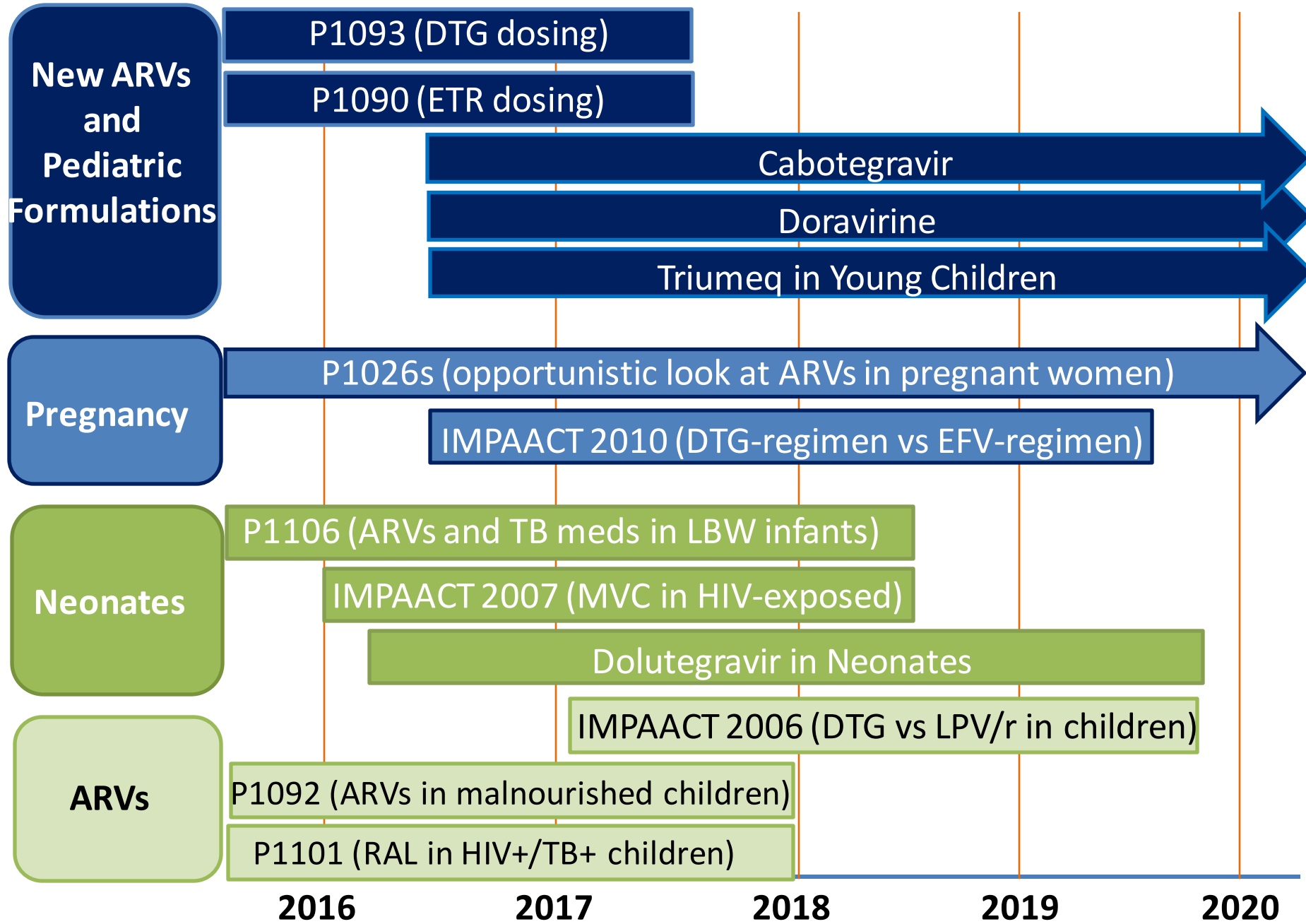
- Safety, pharmacokinetics (PK), and drug-drug interactions
 - new ARVs and formulations
 - novel drug combinations

In HIV-infected pregnant women:

- Safety, PK, and Efficacy of ARVs
- Drug-drug interactions (e.g., ARVs, TB drugs and contraceptives)



Treatment Roadmap

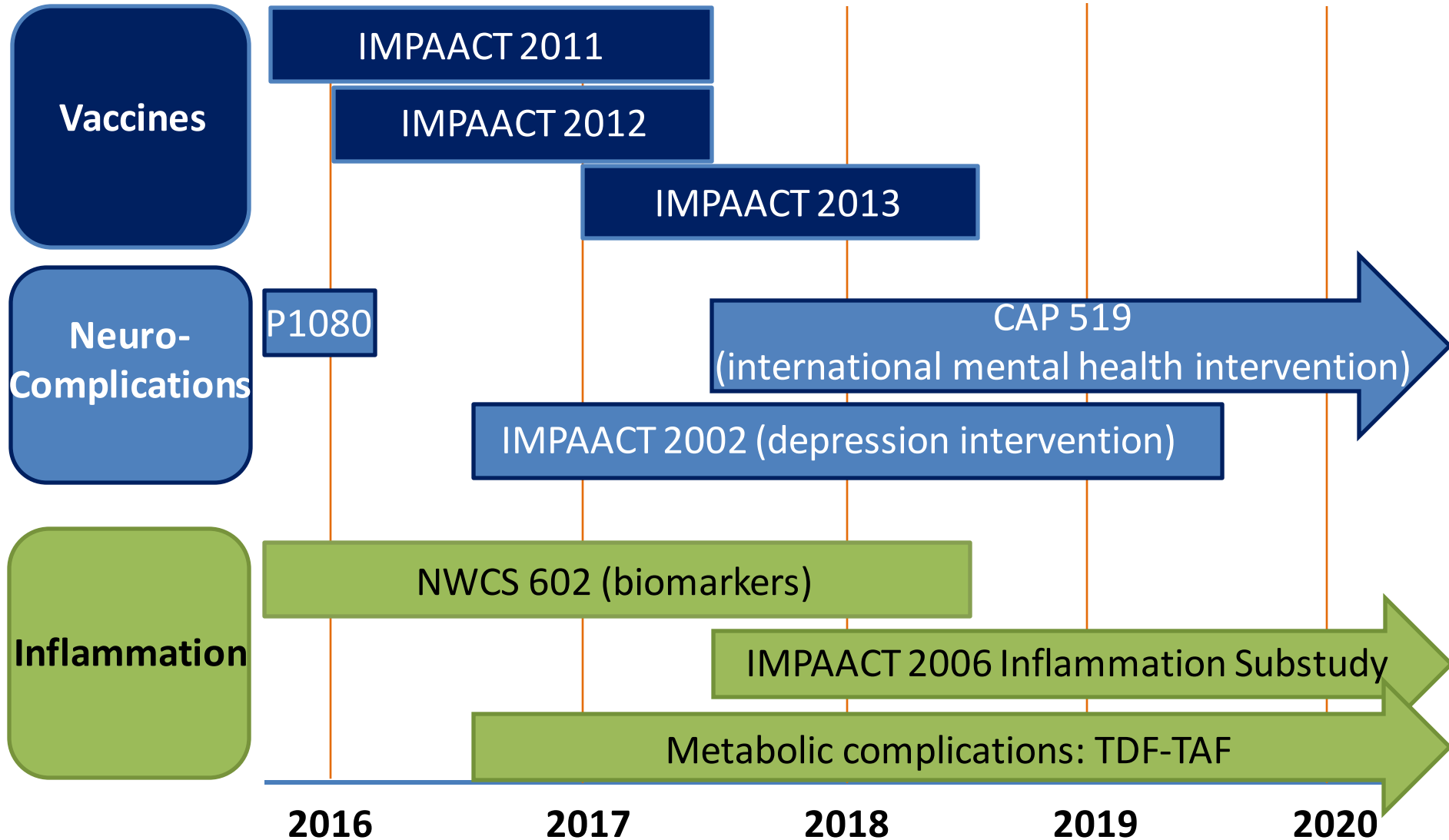


HIV/ARV Complications & Comorbidities Scientific Agenda

- Evaluate novel vaccines in HIV-exposed infants
 - Safety and immunogenicity of RSV and other vaccine candidates (building on successful collaboration with NIAID Intramural)
- Prevent and treat cognitive impairment
 - Evaluate long-term neurocognitive outcomes, drug-drug interactions, and relationship to specific ARV therapies
- Role of inflammation
 - Disease progression, diagnostics, and treatments



Complications & Comorbidities Roadmap

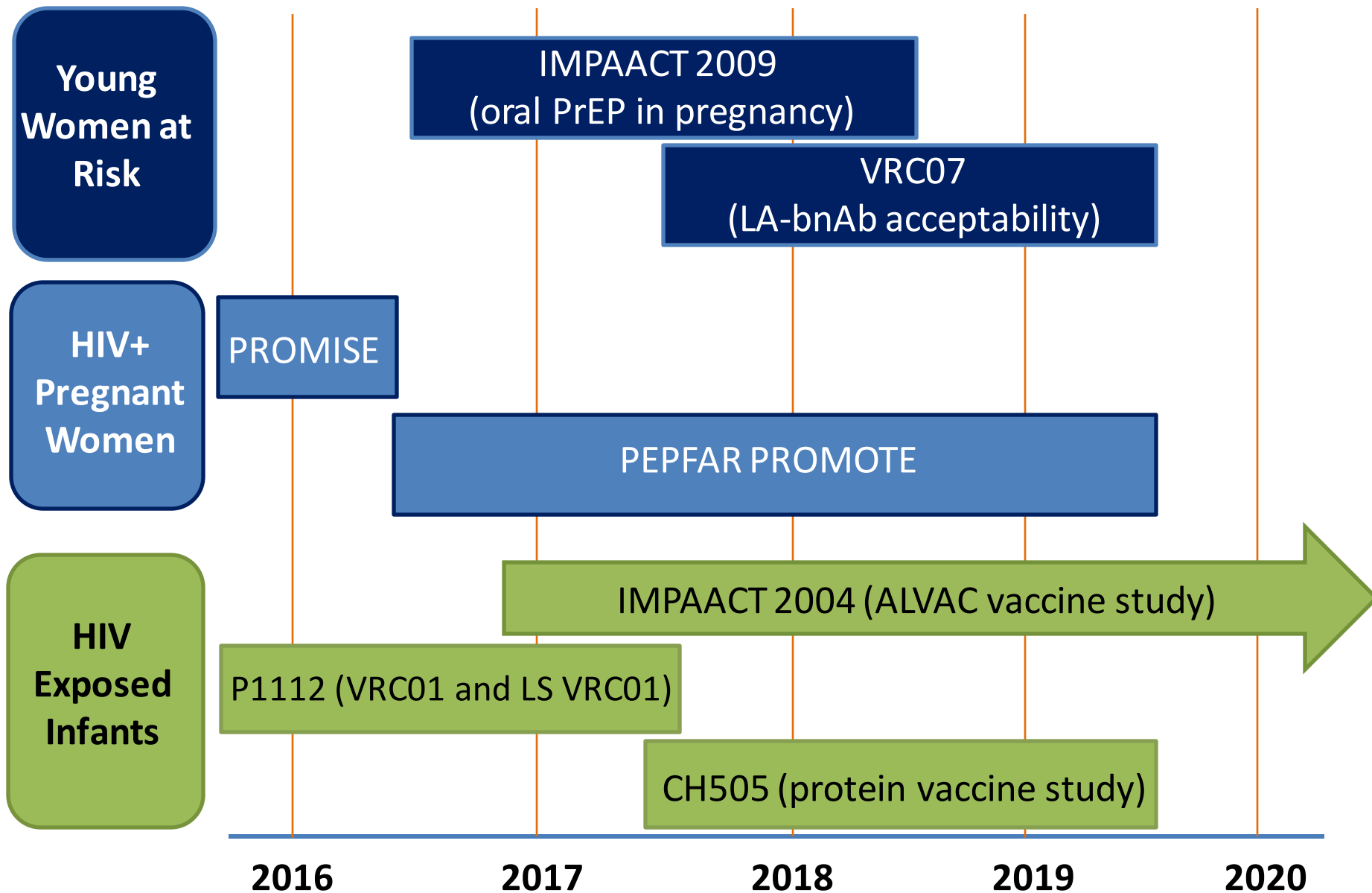


HIV Prevention Scientific Agenda

- Prevent perinatal transmission and optimize infant and maternal health outcomes
- Reduce HIV infections in youth combining behavioral and biomedical interventions
- Primary Prevention: Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP)
- Secondary Prevention: Adherence to biomedical interventions, retention and care



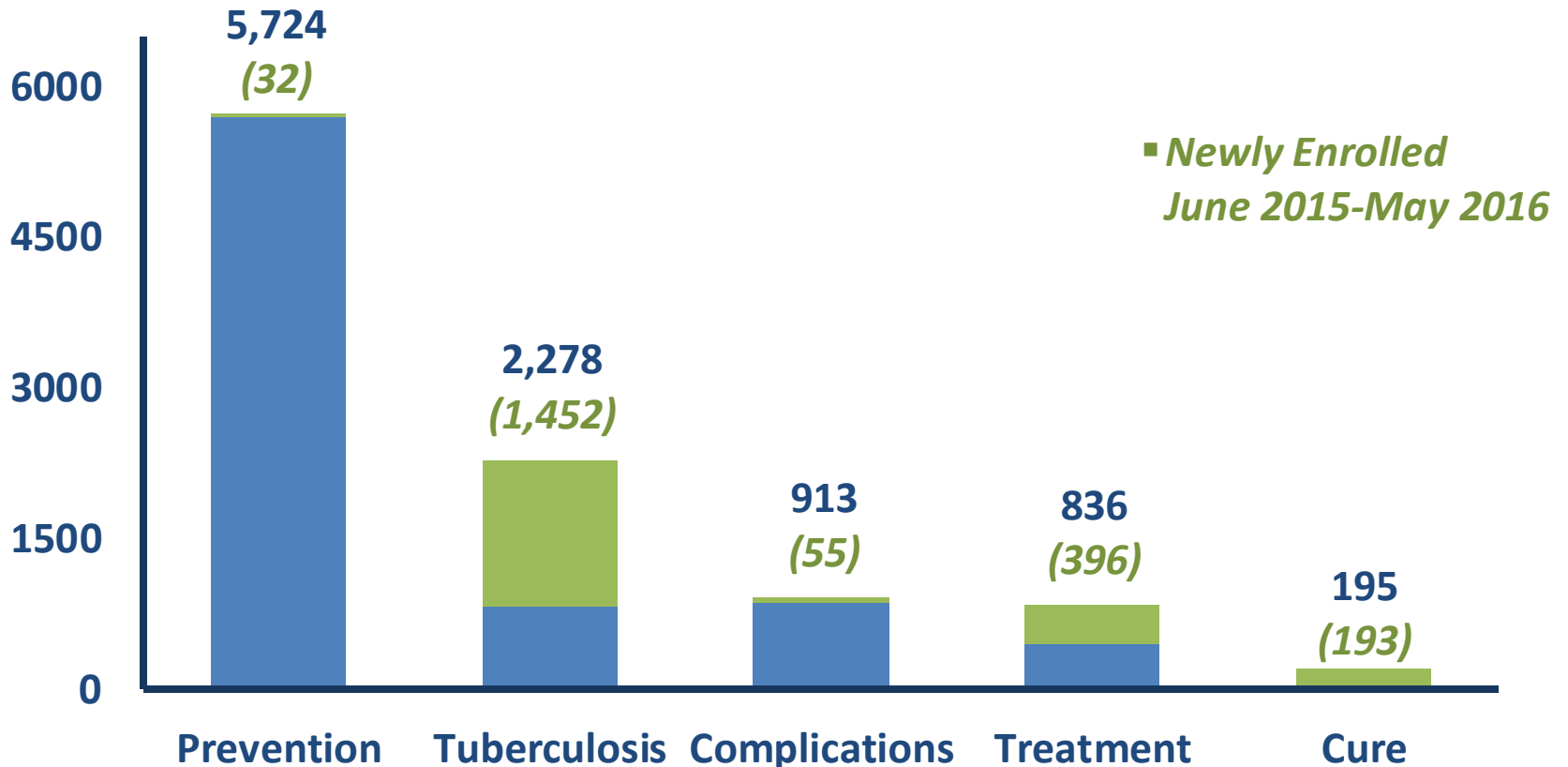
Prevention Roadmap





Activities in the Past Year

IMPAACT Participants on Study June 2015 to May 2016

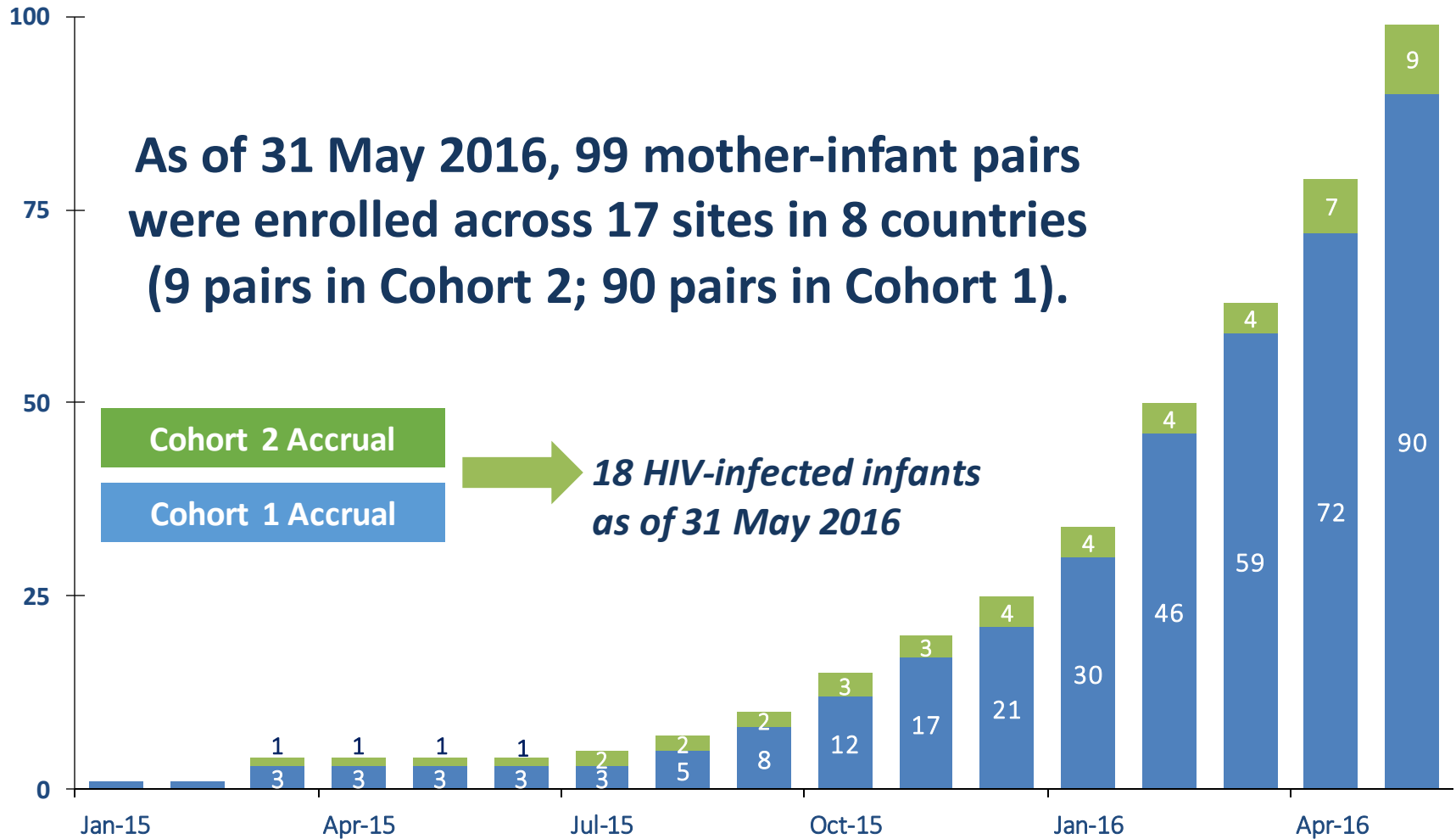


Total On Study = 9,946 participants
Newly Enrolled = 2,130 participants

Study Highlight: P1115

Very Early Intensive Treatment of HIV-Infected Infants to Achieve HIV Remission

As of 31 May 2016, 99 mother-infant pairs were enrolled across 17 sites in 8 countries (9 pairs in Cohort 2; 90 pairs in Cohort 1).



Study Highlight: P1078

Antepartum vs. Postpartum INH Initiation in HIV-Infected Pregnant Women

As of 4 April 2016, accrual was completed with 956 mother-infant pairs enrolling across 13 sites in 8 countries.

Accrual was completed about 4 months ahead of schedule!

Tuberculosis
Research Agenda



Study Highlight: IMPAACT 2003

PHOENIX Feasibility, ACTG 5300

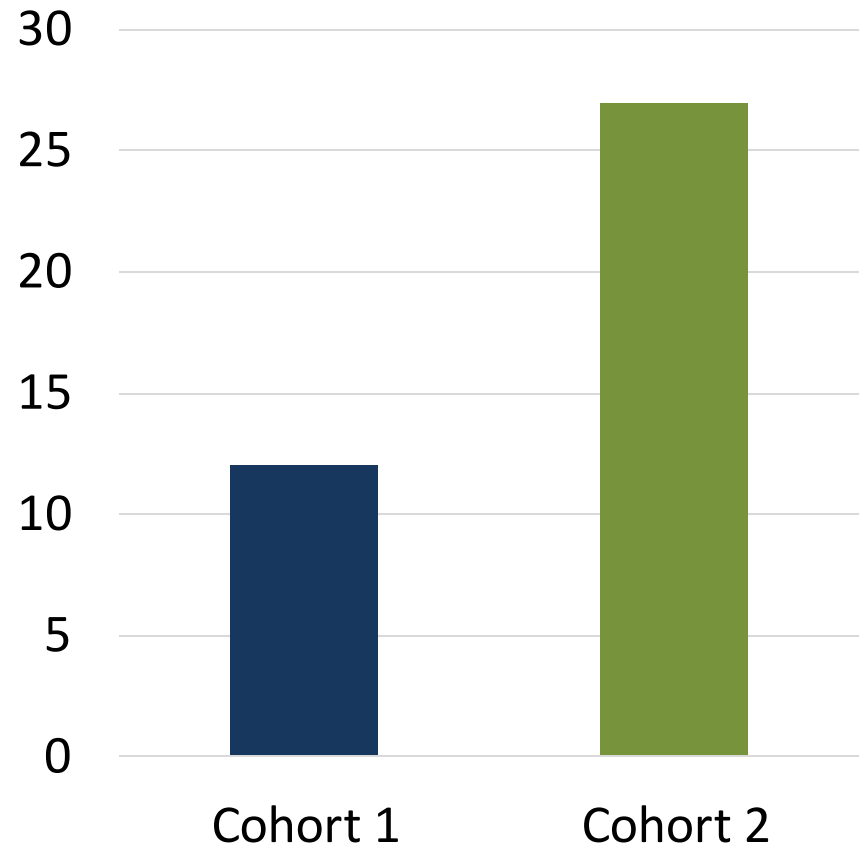
- **Tuberculosis** Research Agenda in collaboration with ACTG
- First participant enrolled October 2015
- Last participant enrolled April 2016
- 308 index cases and 1,018 household contacts enrolled



Study Highlight: P1092

PK of ZDV, 3TC, and LPV/r in Severely Malnourished HIV-Infected Children

- **Treatment**
Research Agenda
- Completed enrollment into Cohort 2 in March 2016
- Sites in Malawi, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zimbabwe



Study Highlight: P1106

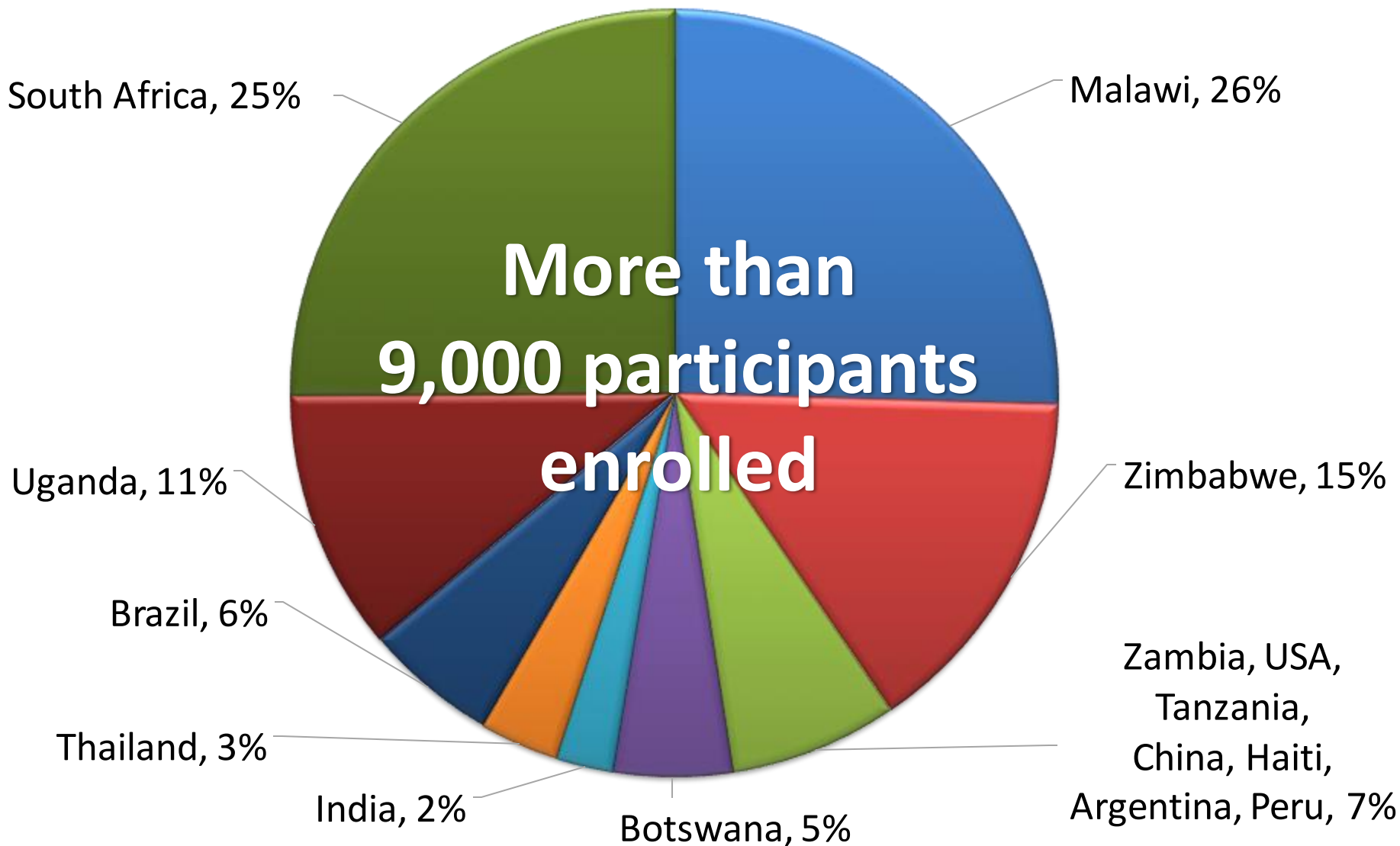
PK Characteristics of ARVs & TB Medications in LBW Infants

- **Treatment** Research Agenda
- Completed enrollment into Arm 1 (HIV-exposed infants on NVP) in May 2016
- Two sites in South Africa



Study Highlight: IMPAACT 1077

PROMISE Studies



Study Highlight: IMPAACT 1077



Promoting Maternal and Infant Survival Everywhere

by the Numbers

4	studies (1077BF, 1077FF, P1084s, 1077HS)	>2,500	lab queries*
15	countries	39,472	data queries*
65	sites	11	DSMB reviews
>9,000	participants enrolled	8	abstracts presented to accepted to CROI, AIDS, or Pads Workshop*
155,946	visits completed*	1	manuscript accepted to NEJM
2,434,824	CRFs completed*		
1,223,910	samples stored*		
8	sites continuing with PROMOTE		

**and counting!*

30 Active Studies

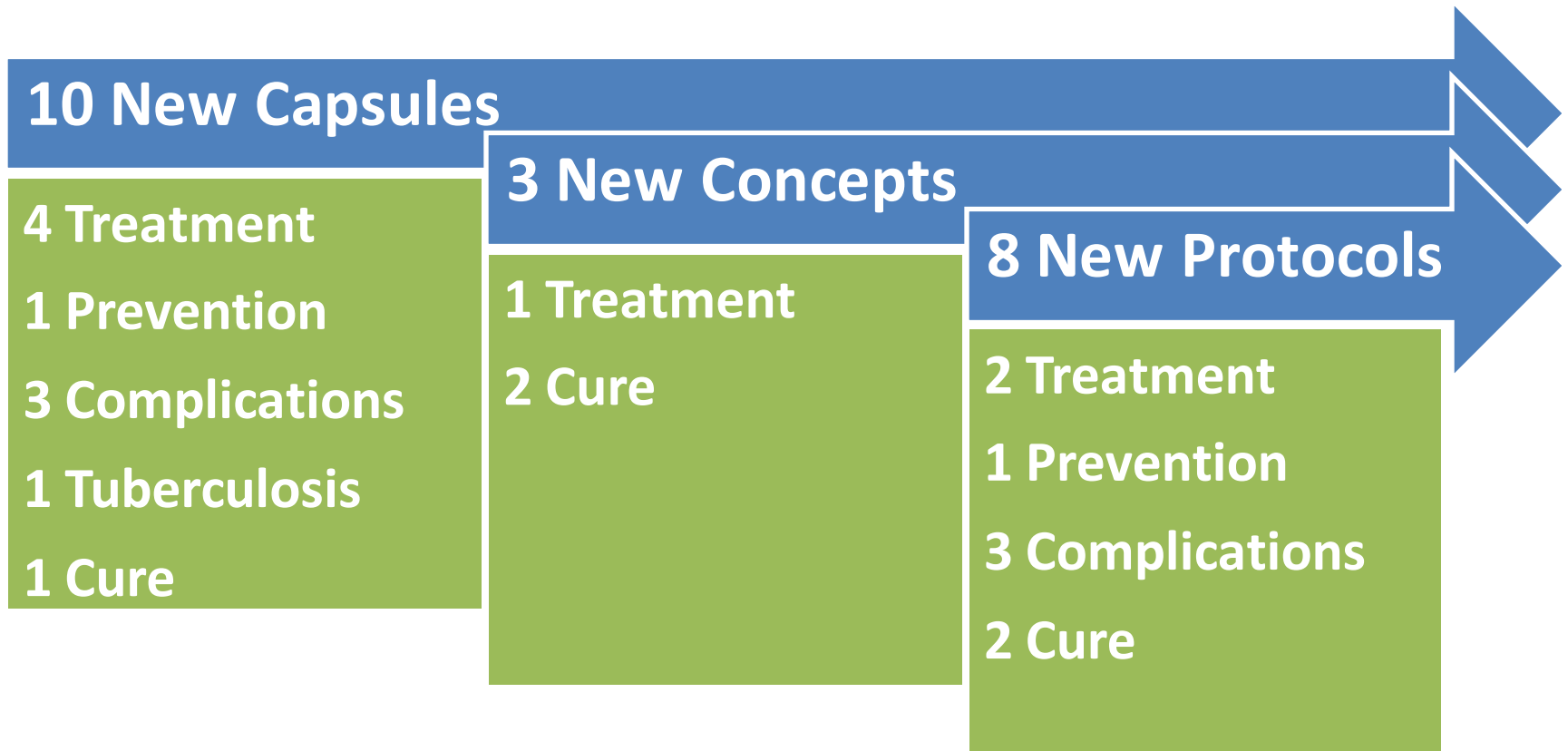
May 2015 to June 2016

	3 Pending and Open	13 Enrolling	10 In Follow-up	3 Closed to Follow-up*
Treatment	2007	P1026s, P1090, P1092, P1093, P1097, P1101, P1106, P1110	P1060, P1066, P1102	P1070
Prevention		P1112	1077HS, 1077BF, 1077FF	
Complications		P1080	P1076, P1104s	P1084s, P1114
Tuberculosis	P1108, 2001	P1113	P1078, 2003/5300	
Cure		P1107, P1115		

*closed to follow-up in the last year

IMPAACT Science Generation

June 2015 to May 2016



Seven New Protocols Currently in Development

2015	Evaluating the <u>HIV Reservoir in the CNS</u> in Perinatally-Infected Individuals on ART
2014	Phase I/II Trial of the Pharmacokinetics, Safety, and Efficacy of MK-1439 (<u>Doravirine</u> or DOR) and MK-1439A (FDC of DOR + lamivudine + TDF) in <u>HIV-infected Adolescents</u>

New Protocols

Currently in Development (cont'd)

2013	Phase I Placebo-Controlled Study of the Infectivity, Safety & Immunogenicity of a Single Dose of a Recombinant <u>Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine</u> , RSV/NS2/N/ Δ M2-2-HindIII, Lot RSV#011A , Delivered as Nose Drops to RSV-Seronegative Infants 6 to 24 Months of Age
2012	Phase I Placebo-Controlled Study of the Infectivity, Safety & Immunogenicity of a Single Dose of a Recombinant <u>Live-Attenuated Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine</u> , LID cp Δ M2-2, Lot RSV#009A, Delivered as Nose Drops to RSV-Seronegative Infants 6 to 24 Months of Age

New Protocols

Currently in Development (cont'd)

2010	Phase III Study of the Virologic Efficacy and Safety of <u>Dolutegravir-Containing versus Efavirenz-Containing Antiretroviral Therapy Regimens in HIV-1-Infected Pregnant Women and their Infants</u>
2009	PK, Feasibility, Acceptability, & Safety of <u>Oral PrEP</u> for Primary HIV Prevention <u>during Pregnancy</u> & Postpartum in Adolescents & Young Women
2008	Phase I/II Multisite Randomized Controlled Study of Monoclonal Antibody <u>VCR01</u> Combined with ART to Promote Clearance of <u>HIV-1 Infected</u> Cells in Infants

Publications

- **27** publications submitted in past 12 months
- **25** manuscripts published in JAIDS, Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, PIDJ, CID, TB and Lung Disease, PLoS One



Abstracts



15 abstracts at CROI 2016

- DTG PK in HIV-infected Pregnant and Postpartum Women
- NVP Dosing for Treatment in First Months of Life
- Impact of Maternal TDF Use on HIV-Exposed Newborn BMC
- Breast Milk and In Utero HIV-1 Transmission Select for Unique Envelope Signatures



8 IMPAACT abstracts at AIDS 2016

- 3 abstracts from PROMISE (with 6 abstracts for the HIV Pediatrics Workshop)

Additional abstracts accepted to ICAAC, ICAAP, ICASA, and ID week

Cross Network Study Initiatives



- MDR-TB Prevention (PHOENIX)



- TB and HIV Vaccine Studies (Aeras/P1113 and IMPAACT 2004)



- RSV and VRC01 Studies (IMPAACT 2011/2012/2013 and P1112)



Pharma Collaborations: New Formulations/Products



Site Information

- Updated site profiles including site capacity August 2015
- Aids in network-wide planning, rapidly identifying sites with specific capabilities for specific studies
- Avoids duplication of data collected for site selection
- Includes drug regulatory and ethical review requirements



Welcome to the IMPAACT Site Profile Survey

Thank you for your time. Please read the instructions below before beginning the survey.

The purpose of the IMPAACT Site Profile survey is to maintain centralized site capacity information through annual survey updates to streamline the site selection processes for study participation. These data can be used to assess feasibility of potential studies and to guide development of study proposals. For this year's update, please consider -- with respect to the START results and PMTCT regimens -- whether the standard of care has changed or will be changing for newly diagnosed HIV-infected individuals (infants, children, adolescents and adults). As many current and planned IMPAACT studies target naïve participants, it will be important to understand how quickly newly diagnosed HIV-infected individuals are started on treatment.

Each IMPAACT-affiliated site is requested to update this survey. The deadline for completion is 6 November 2015. Please note that all questions do not need to be answered in one sitting; you may return to the survey at any time prior to this deadline, if some of the requested data are not immediately available. *You will need to use the link emailed to you to return to the survey each time.*

If you wish to update the survey after 6 November 2015, please email any updates to impaact.siteprofile@fstrf.org. The expectation is that each site will update the site profile at least once annually.

For questions about the content of the survey or problems completing any of the questions, please contact impaact.siteprofile@fstrf.org for assistance.

Please click >> below to begin the survey.

>>

Collaboration between IMPAACT and ACTG to make the large body of specimens collected for HIV research available to investigators

SpecimenRepository Help / FAQ Site Feedback

Home Search the Repositories Submit a Proposal About us Contact us

Specimens for research, collected for large global clinical trials networks

SEARCH THE REPOSITORIES

The specimen repositories are a collaboration between the ACTG and IMPAACT clinical trial networks to make the large body of specimens collected for HIV research available to investigators.

ACTG (The AIDS Clinical Trials Group) and IMPAACT (The International Maternal Pediatric Adolescent AIDS Clinical Trials) are two large global efforts studying HIV and related infections.

The specimens stored at the repositories were initially collected for specific studies that have concluded, and are now available to investigators conducting new research.

Using this website

You can use the interactive search tool on this website to learn about the types of specimens available at the repositories. After completing a search, you can see the number of specimens and unique participants available, information about the studies for which they were collected, and what research was published for those studies. The search tool will also provide you with a report that lists your specimens of interest. You can then use this report to help write your research proposal to the network.

START SEARCHING

What's in the repositories?

	ACTG	IMPAACT
Specimens	1328464	304780
Protocols	196	17
Types of specimens	19	9
Cryopreserved PBMCs	260576	97932
Plasma	881257	195289
Serum	146090	10734

ACTG AIDS CLINICAL TRIALS GROUP IMPAACT

Plans for the Upcoming Year...

What is on the horizon?

- Continue to work with other networks, partners, community, and scientific experts to develop robust collaborations
- Prioritize new capsules/concept sheets
- Continue Early Career Investigator Program



Plans for the Upcoming Year...

**Complete
PROMISE**

**Complete
enrollment
in P1092**

**Begin (and
complete)
the RSV
studies**

**Finalize
IMPAACT
2006 &
2009**

**Complete
P1078**

**Begin
IMPAACT
2001**

**Continue
P1026s &
P1093**

**Develop
IMPAACT
2014 &
2015**

**Begin
IMPAACT
2002**

**Begin
IMPAACT
2005 and
P1108**

**Begin
IMPAACT
2007 &
2008**

**Begin
IMPAACT
2010**



Thank you to the sites,
to the community, and
to all the individuals
and families engaged
in clinical research



Let's continue to move the science forward!